

CÀLCUL DE LÍMITS (resolució)

1. Calcula els següents límits, indicant que passa quan $x \rightarrow +\infty$, $x \rightarrow -\infty$ i $x \rightarrow \infty$:

a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x^2 =$

c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x^{-3} =$

e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt{x} =$

b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x^5 =$

d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x^{-4} =$

f) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[3]{x} =$

a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x^2 = +\infty$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} x^2 = +\infty$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x^2 = +\infty$

b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x^5 = +\infty$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} x^5 = -\infty$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x^5 = \infty$

c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x^{-3} = 0$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} x^{-3} = 0$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x^{-3} = 0$

d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x^{-4} = 0$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} x^{-4} = 0$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x^{-4} = 0$

e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \sqrt{x} = +\infty$

$\nexists \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \sqrt{x}$

$\nexists \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt{x}$

f) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \sqrt[3]{x} = +\infty$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \sqrt[3]{x} = -\infty$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[3]{x} = \infty$

2. Calcula els següents límits, indicant que passa quan $x \rightarrow +\infty$, $x \rightarrow -\infty$ i $x \rightarrow \infty$:

a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} 1,2^x =$

c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} 0,7^x =$

e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} 3^x =$

b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} -1,2^x =$

d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} -0,7^x =$

f) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} 3^{-x} =$

a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} 1,2^x = +\infty$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} 1,2^x = 0$

$\nexists \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} 1,2^x$

b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} -1,2^x = -\infty$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} -1,2^x = 0$

$\nexists \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} -1,2^x$

c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} 0,7^x = 0$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} 0,7^x = +\infty$

$\nexists \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} 0,7^x$

d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} 0,7^x = 0$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} -0,7^x = -\infty$

$\nexists \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} -0,7^x$

e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} 3^x = +\infty$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} 3^x = 0$

$\nexists \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} 3^x$

f) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} 3^{-x} = 0$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} 3^{-x} = +\infty$

$\nexists \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} 3^{-x}$

3. Calcula els següents límits:

a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \log_2 x =$

e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \log_{0,5} x =$

i) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \log_2(-x) =$

b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \log_2 x =$

f) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \log_{0,5} x =$

j) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \log_2(-x) =$

c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \log_2 x =$

g) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \log_{0,5} x =$

k) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \log_2 x^2 =$

d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \log_2 x =$

h) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \log_{0,5} x =$

l) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \log_2 x^2 =$

a) $\nexists \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \log_2 x$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \log_2 x = -\infty$

$\nexists \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \log_2 x$

b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \log_2 x = 0$

c) $\nexists \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \log_2 x =$

d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \log_2 x = +\infty$

e) $\nexists \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \log_{0,5} x$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \log_{0,5} x = +\infty$

$\nexists \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \log_{0,5} x$

f) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \log_{0,5} x = 0$

g) $\nexists \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \log_{0,5} x$

h) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \log_{0,5} x = -\infty$

i) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \log_2(-x) = +\infty$

j) $\nexists \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \log_2(-x)$

k) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \log_2 x^2 = +\infty$

l) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \log_2 x^2 = +\infty$

4. Calcula els següents límits, indicant, si cal, el que passa quan $x \rightarrow +\infty$, $x \rightarrow -\infty$ i $x \rightarrow \infty$:

a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (x^5 - x^3) =$

d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (2^x - e^x) =$

g) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (\ln x - \log_2 x) =$

b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (\sqrt{x^5} - x^3) =$

e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (x^2 - \log_2 x) =$

h) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (\sqrt{x} - \sqrt[3]{x}) =$

c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (x^5 - e^x) =$

f) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (e^x - \log_2 x) =$

i) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (x^4 - 2^x + e^x - x^{-2}) =$

a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \pm\infty} (x^5 - x^3) = \lim_{x \rightarrow \pm\infty} (x^5) = \pm\infty$, $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (x^5 - x^3) = \infty$

b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\sqrt{x^5} - x^3) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (-x^3) = -\infty$, $\nexists \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} (\sqrt{x^5} - x^3)$, $\nexists \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (\sqrt{x^5} - x^3)$

c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (x^5 - e^x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} e^x = +\infty$,

$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} (x^5 - e^x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} x^5 = -\infty$,

$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (x^5 - e^x) = \infty$

d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (2^x - e^x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (-e^x) = +\infty$, $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} (x^5 - e^x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} 2^x = 0$, $\nexists \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (x^5 - e^x)$

e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (x^2 - \log_2 x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x^2 = +\infty$, $\nexists \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} (x^2 - \log_2 x)$, $\nexists \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (x^2 - \log_2 x)$

f) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (e^x - \log_2 x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} e^x = +\infty$, $\nexists \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} (e^x - \log_2 x)$, $\nexists \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (e^x - \log_2 x)$

g) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\ln x - \log_2 x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\ln x) = +\infty$, $\nexists \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} (\ln x - \log_2 x)$, $\nexists \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (\ln x - \log_2 x)$

h) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\sqrt{x} - \sqrt[3]{x}) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \sqrt{x} = +\infty$, $\nexists \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} (\sqrt{x} - \sqrt[3]{x})$, $\nexists \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (\sqrt{x} - \sqrt[3]{x})$

i) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (x^4 - 2^x + e^x - x^{-2}) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} e^x = +\infty$,

$\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} (x^4 - 2^x + e^x - x^{-2}) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} x^4 = +\infty$,

$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} (x^4 - 2^x + e^x - x^{-2}) = +\infty$

5. Calcula els següents límits:

a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{5+x-3x^2}{6x^2-3x^3} =$

e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x+e^x}{x+3^x} =$

b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x^2-3x}{5x^2+4} =$

f) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x+\log_2 x}{x+\log_{0,5} x} =$

c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4x-5x^3}{6x^2-4x} =$

g) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{5^x}{\log_3(2x-3)} =$

d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x^2-e^x}{\sqrt{x+x^{12}}} =$

h) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\ln x}{2x+7} =$

a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{5+x-3x^2}{6x^2-3x^3} = 0$

b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \frac{x^2-3x}{5x^2+4} = \frac{1}{5}$

c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow \pm\infty} \frac{4x-5x^3}{6x^2-4x} = \mp\infty$

d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x^2-e^x}{\sqrt{x+x^{12}}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{-e^x}{x^{12}} = -\infty$

e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x+e^x}{x+3^x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{3^x} = 0$

f) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x+\log_2 x}{x+\log_{0,5} x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x}{x} = 1$

g) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{5^x}{\log_3(2x-3)} = +\infty$

h) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\ln x}{2x+7} = 0$

6. Calcula els següents límits:

a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\sqrt{x-1} - x) =$

d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\sqrt{x^2+x} - \sqrt{x^2+3x}) =$

b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\sqrt{x^2-1} - x) =$

e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\sqrt{2x^2+x} - \sqrt{x^2-1}) =$

c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\sqrt{x^2-3x-x}) =$

f) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\sqrt{9x^2+12x+7} - (3x-4)) =$

a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\sqrt{x-1} - x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} -x = -\infty$

b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\sqrt{x^2-1} - x) = +\infty - \infty$ (Indeterminació)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\sqrt{x^2-1} - x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(\sqrt{x^2-1}-x) \cdot (\sqrt{x^2-1}+x)}{\sqrt{x^2-1}+x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x^2-1-x^2}{\sqrt{x^2-1}+x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{-1}{x+x} = 0$$

c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\sqrt{x^2-3x-x}) = +\infty - \infty$ (Indeterminació)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\sqrt{x^2-3x-x}) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(\sqrt{x^2-3x-x}) \cdot (\sqrt{x^2-3x+x})}{\sqrt{x^2-3x+x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x^2-3x-x^2}{\sqrt{x^2-3x+x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{-3x}{x+x} = -\frac{3}{2}$$

d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\sqrt{x^2+x} - \sqrt{x^2+3x}) = +\infty - \infty$ (Indeterminació)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\sqrt{x^2+x} - \sqrt{x^2+3x}) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(\sqrt{x^2+x} - \sqrt{x^2+3x}) \cdot (\sqrt{x^2+x} + \sqrt{x^2+3x})}{\sqrt{x^2+x} + \sqrt{x^2+3x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{-2x}{x+x} = -1$$

e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\sqrt{2x^2+x} - \sqrt{x^2-1}) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\sqrt{2x^2} - \sqrt{x^2}) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\sqrt{2}x - x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} [(\sqrt{2}-1)x] = +\infty$

f) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\sqrt{9x^2+12x+7} - (3x-4)) = +\infty - \infty$ (Indeterminació)

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (\sqrt{9x^2+12x+7} - (3x-4)) &= \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(\sqrt{9x^2+12x+7} - (3x-4)) \cdot (\sqrt{9x^2+12x+7} + (3x-4))}{\sqrt{9x^2+12x+7} + (3x-4)} = \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(9x^2+12x+7) - (3x-4)^2}{\sqrt{9x^2+12x+7} + (3x-4)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{9x^2+12x+7 - (9x^2-24x+16)}{\sqrt{9x^2+12x+7} + (3x-4)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{36x-9}{3x+3x} = 6 \end{aligned}$$

7. Calcula els següents límits:

a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{1+x}{2x-3} =$

h) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{-3}{x+2} =$

b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} (1-x)^2 =$

i) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -3} \frac{x+5}{x^2+6x+9} =$

c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \sqrt{\frac{x+8}{5-x}} =$

j) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2^-} \frac{x^2}{x+2} =$

d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \sqrt{3+2x-x^2} =$

k) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 5^+} \frac{x^2+2x-3}{x-5} =$

e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \sqrt{x^2-3x-5} =$

l) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^4-3x^3+5x}{2x^2+3x} =$

f) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2-4}{2x^2-6x+2} =$

m) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2-4}{2x^2-6x+4} =$

g) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{x} =$

n) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{-x+3}{(x-1)^2} =$

a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{1+x}{2x-3} = \frac{4}{3}$

b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} (1-x)^2 = 4$

c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \sqrt{\frac{x+8}{5-x}} = \frac{3}{2}$

d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^+} \sqrt{3+2x-x^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1^+} \sqrt{-1 \cdot (x+1) \cdot (x-3)} = \sqrt{0^+} = 0, \quad \nexists \lim_{x \rightarrow -1^-} \sqrt{3+2x-x^2}$

e) $\nexists \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \sqrt{x^2-3x-5}$

f) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2-4}{2x^2-6x+2} = \frac{0}{-2} = 0$

g) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{0^+} = +\infty, \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{1}{x} = \frac{1}{0^-} = -\infty$

$$\text{h) } \lim_{x \rightarrow -2^-} \frac{-3}{x+2} = \frac{-3}{0^-} = +\infty, \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow -2^+} \frac{-3}{x+2} = \frac{-3}{0^+} = -\infty$$

$$\text{i) } \lim_{x \rightarrow -3} \frac{x+5}{x^2+6x+9} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -3} \frac{x+5}{(x+3)^2} = \frac{2}{0^+} = +\infty$$

$$\text{j) } \lim_{x \rightarrow -2^-} \frac{x^2}{x+2} = \frac{4}{0^-} = -\infty$$

$$\text{k) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 5^+} \frac{x^2+2x-3}{x-5} = \frac{32}{0^+} = +\infty$$

$$\text{l) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^4-3x^3+5x}{2x^2+3x} = \frac{0}{0} \quad \text{Indeterminació}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^4-3x^3+5x}{2x^2+3x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x(x^3-3x^2+5)}{x(2x+3)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^3-3x^2+5}{2x+3} = \frac{5}{3}$$

$$\text{m) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2-4}{2x^2-6x+4} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{(x+2)(x-2)}{2(x-1)(x-2)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{(x+2)}{2(x-1)} = 2$$

$$\text{n) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{-x+3}{(x-1)^2} = \frac{2}{0^+} = +\infty$$

8. Calcula els següents límits:

a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x^2+3x+2}{x^2-2x-3} =$

j) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2-7x+10}{x^2-4} =$

b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 6} \frac{x^2-36}{x^2-12x+36} =$

k) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 9} \frac{9-x}{\sqrt{x}-3} =$

c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{x^2-x-6}{x^2+6x+8} =$

l) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x^2+x-2}{x^2-1} =$

d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{x+2}{x^2+4x+4} =$

m) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 25} \frac{5-\sqrt{x}}{25-x} =$

e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x^3+4x^2+8x+5}{x^2-1} =$

n) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x+3)^3-27}{x} =$

f) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^3+2x^2-x-2}{x^2+3x-4} =$

o) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{x^2+12}-\sqrt{12}} =$

g) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x-\sqrt{6x-8}}{x^2-4} =$

p) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left[\frac{3}{x} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5+x} - \frac{1}{5-x} \right) \right] =$

h) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \left(\frac{x+6}{x^2-4} - \frac{x+5}{x^2+2x} \right) =$

q) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \left(\frac{x}{x-3} - \frac{x^2-4x+3}{(x-3)^2} \right) =$

i) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \left(\frac{2x+3}{x^2-9} : \frac{2x+2}{x-3} \right) =$

r) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \left(\frac{15}{(x+1)(x-2)} - \frac{-x-6}{x+1} \right) =$

a) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x^2+3x+2}{x^2-2x-3} = \frac{0}{0}$ Indeterminació

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x^2+3x+2}{x^2-2x-3} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{(x+1)(x+2)}{(x+1)(x-3)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x+2}{x-3} = \frac{1}{-4} = -\frac{1}{4}$$

b) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 6} \frac{x^2-36}{x^2-12x+36} = \frac{0}{0}$ Indeterminació

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 6^-} \frac{x^2-36}{x^2-12x+36} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 6^-} \frac{(x-6)(x+6)}{(x-6)^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 6^-} \frac{x+6}{x-6} = \frac{12}{0^-} = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 6^+} \frac{x^2-36}{x^2-12x+36} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 6^+} \frac{(x-6)(x+6)}{(x-6)^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 6^+} \frac{x+6}{x-6} = \frac{12}{0^+} = +\infty$$

c) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{x^2 - x - 6}{x^2 + 6x + 8} = \frac{0}{0}$ Indeterminació

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{x^2 - x - 6}{x^2 + 6x + 8} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{(x+2)(x-3)}{(x+2)(x+4)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{x-3}{x+4} = -\frac{5}{2}$$

d) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} \frac{x+2}{x^2 + 4x + 4} = \frac{0}{0}$ Indeterminació

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -2^-} \frac{x+2}{x^2 + 4x + 4} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -2^-} \frac{x+2}{(x+2)^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -2^-} \frac{1}{x+2} = \frac{1}{0^-} = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -2^+} \frac{x+2}{x^2 + 4x + 4} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -2^+} \frac{x+2}{(x+2)^2} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -2^+} \frac{1}{x+2} = \frac{1}{0^+} = +\infty$$

e) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x^3 + 4x^2 + 8x + 5}{x^2 - 1} = \frac{0}{0}$ Indeterminació

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x^3 + 4x^2 + 8x + 5}{x^2 - 1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{(x+1)(x^2 + 3x + 5)}{(x+1)(x-1)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x^2 + 3x + 5}{x-1} = -\frac{3}{2}$$

f) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^3 + 2x^2 - x - 2}{x^2 + 3x - 4} = \frac{0}{0}$ Indeterminació

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^3 + 2x^2 - x - 2}{x^2 + 3x - 4} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{(x-1)(x^2 + 3x + 2)}{(x-1)(x+4)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{x^2 + 3x + 2}{x+4} = \frac{6}{5}$$

g) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x - \sqrt{6x - 8}}{x^2 - 4} = \frac{0}{0}$ Indeterminació

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x - \sqrt{6x - 8}}{x^2 - 4} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \left(\frac{x - \sqrt{6x - 8}}{x^2 - 4} \cdot \frac{x + \sqrt{6x - 8}}{x + \sqrt{6x - 8}} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2 - 6x + 8}{(x^2 - 4)(x + \sqrt{6x - 8})} = \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{(x-2)(x-4)}{(x-2)(x+2)(x + \sqrt{6x - 8})} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x-4}{(x+2)(x + \sqrt{6x - 8})} = \frac{-2}{4 \cdot 4} = -\frac{1}{8} \end{aligned}$$

h) $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2^+} \left(\frac{x+6}{x^2-4} - \frac{x+5}{x^2+2x} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -2^+} \frac{x(x+6) - (x+5)(x-2)}{x(x-2)(x+2)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -2^+} \frac{3x+10}{x(x-2)(x+2)} = \pm\infty$

i) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \left(\frac{2x+3}{x^2-9} \cdot \frac{2x+2}{x-3} \right) = \infty : \infty$ Indeterminació

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \left(\frac{2x+3}{x^2-9} \cdot \frac{2x+2}{x-3} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{(2x+3)(x-3)}{(x+3)(x-3)(2x+2)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 3} \frac{2x+3}{(x+3)(2x+2)} = \frac{9}{6 \cdot 8} = \frac{3}{16}$$

j) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x^2 - 7x + 10}{x^2 - 4} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{(x-2)(x-5)}{(x-2)(x+2)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{x-5}{x+2} = -\frac{3}{4}$

$$\text{k) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 9} \frac{9-x}{\sqrt{x}-3} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 9} \frac{9-x}{\sqrt{x}-3} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{x}+3}{\sqrt{x}+3} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 9} \frac{-1 \cdot (x-9) \cdot (\sqrt{x}+3)}{x-9} = -6$$

$$\text{l) } \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x^2+x-2}{x^2-1} = \frac{-2}{0} = \infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^-} \frac{x^2+x-2}{x^2-1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1^-} \frac{(x-1)(x+2)}{(x+1)(x-1)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1^-} \frac{x+2}{x+1} = \frac{1}{0^-} = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow -1^+} \frac{x^2+x-2}{x^2-1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1^+} \frac{(x-1)(x+2)}{(x+1)(x-1)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1^+} \frac{x+2}{x+1} = \frac{1}{0^+} = +\infty$$

$$\text{m) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 25} \frac{5-\sqrt{x}}{25-x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 25} \frac{(5-\sqrt{x}) \cdot (5+\sqrt{x})}{(25-x) \cdot (5+\sqrt{x})} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 25} \frac{25-x}{(25-x) \cdot (5+\sqrt{x})} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 25} \frac{1}{5+\sqrt{x}} = \frac{1}{10}$$

$$\text{n) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x+3)^3-27}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(x^3+9x^2+27x+27)-27}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^3+9x^2+27x}{x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (x^2+9x+27) = 27$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{o) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2}{\sqrt{x^2+12}-\sqrt{12}} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2 \cdot (\sqrt{x^2+12}+\sqrt{12})}{(\sqrt{x^2+12}-\sqrt{12}) \cdot (\sqrt{x^2+12}+\sqrt{12})} = \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2 \cdot (\sqrt{x^2+12}+\sqrt{12})}{x^2+12-12} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (\sqrt{x^2+12}+\sqrt{12}) = 2\sqrt{12} = 4\sqrt{3} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{p) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left[\frac{3}{x} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{5+x} - \frac{1}{5-x} \right) \right] &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left[\frac{3}{x} \cdot \frac{(5-x)-(5+x)}{(5-x) \cdot (5+x)} \right] = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-6x}{x \cdot (5-x) \cdot (5+x)} = \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{-6}{(5-x) \cdot (5+x)} = -\frac{6}{25} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{q) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \left(\frac{x}{x-3} - \frac{x^2-4x+3}{(x-3)^2} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \left(\frac{x}{x-3} - \frac{(x-1)(x-3)}{(x-3)^2} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \left(\frac{x}{x-3} - \frac{x-1}{x-3} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^-} \frac{1}{x-3} = \frac{1}{0^-} = -\infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} \left(\frac{x}{x-3} - \frac{x^2-4x+3}{(x-3)^2} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 3^+} \frac{1}{x-3} = \frac{1}{0^+} = +\infty$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{r) } \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \left(\frac{15}{(x+1)(x-2)} - \frac{-x-6}{x+1} \right) &= \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \left(\frac{15}{(x+1)(x-2)} + \frac{(x+6)(x-2)}{(x+1)(x-2)} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{15+x^2+4x-12}{(x+1)(x-2)} = \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x^2+4x+3}{(x+1)(x-2)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{(x+1)(x+3)}{(x+1)(x-2)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow -1} \frac{x+3}{x-2} = -\frac{2}{3} \end{aligned}$$

9. Calcula els següents límits:

$$\text{a) } \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{3x-2}{3x+3} \right)^{x+1} =$$

$$\text{d) } \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{2x^2+1}{x+2x^2} \right)^{\frac{x}{4}} =$$

$$\text{b) } \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \left(1 - \frac{3}{2}x \right)^{1-2x} =$$

$$\text{e) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \left(\frac{x^2-4}{4x-8} \right)^{\frac{1}{x^2-4x+4}} =$$

$$\text{c) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1+x)^{\frac{1}{x}} =$$

$$\text{f) } \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{2x+1}{x-1} - \frac{3x+4}{3x+3} \right)^{2x-3} =$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{3x-2}{3x+3} \right)^{x+1} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{3x-2}{3x+3} - \frac{3x+3}{3x+3} \right)^{x+1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{-5}{3x+3} \right)^{x+1} = \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{\frac{3x+3}{-5}} \right)^{x+1} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{\frac{3x+3}{-5} \cdot \frac{-5}{3x+3} \cdot (x+1)} \right)^{x+1} = e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{-5x-5}{3x+3}} = e^{-\frac{5}{3}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{b) } \lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} \left(1 - \frac{3}{2}x \right)^{1-2x} = +\infty^{+\infty} = +\infty$$

$$\text{c) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1+x)^{\frac{1}{x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(1 + \frac{1}{1/x} \right)^{\frac{1}{x}} = e$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{d) } \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{2x^2+1}{x+2x^2} \right)^{\frac{x}{4}} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{2x^2+1}{x+2x^2} - \frac{x+2x^2}{x+2x^2} \right)^{\frac{x}{4}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{-x+1}{x+2x^2} \right)^{\frac{x}{4}} = \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{\frac{x+2x^2}{-x+1}} \right)^{\frac{x+2x^2}{-x+1} \cdot \frac{-x+1}{x+2x^2} \cdot \frac{x}{4}} = e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{-x^2+x}{x+2x^2}} = e^{-\frac{1}{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{e}} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{e) } \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \left(\frac{x^2-4}{4x-8} \right)^{\frac{1}{x^2-4x+4}} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \left(\frac{(x-2)(x+2)}{4(x-2)} \right)^{\frac{1}{(x-2)^2}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \left(\frac{x+2}{4} \right)^{\frac{1}{(x-2)^2}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \left(1 + \frac{x+2}{4} - \frac{4}{4} \right)^{\frac{1}{(x-2)^2}} = \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \left(1 + \frac{x-2}{4} \right)^{\frac{1}{(x-2)^2}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \left(1 + \frac{1}{\frac{4}{x-2}} \right)^{\frac{4}{x-2} \cdot \frac{1}{4(x-2)}} = e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{1}{4(x-2)}} = e^0 = 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{f) } \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{2x+1}{x-1} - \frac{3x+4}{3x+3} \right)^{2x-3} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{3x^2+8x+7}{3x^2+3x} \right)^{2x-3} = \\
 &= \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{\frac{3x^2+3x}{3x^2+8x+7}} \right)^{\frac{3x^2+3x}{3x^2+8x+7} \cdot \frac{3x^2+8x+7}{3x^2+3x} \cdot (2x-3)} = e^{\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{16x^2-4x-30}{3x^2+3x}} = e^{\frac{16}{3}}
 \end{aligned}$$